



## WORKBOOK 05 LESSON 04

### TRANSLATE ACCORDINGLY

- Eu não trabalharia num hospital por causa do sangue que você vê todos os dias.  
**I WOULDN'T WORK IN A HOSPITAL BECAUSE OF THE BLOOD YOU SEE EVERY DAY.**
- ☛ Leve um lenço com você caso você precise. Já coloquei um no meu bolso.  
**TAKE A HANDKERCHIEF WITH YOU JUST IN CASE YOU NEED IT. I ALREADY PUT ONE IN MY POCKET.**
- ☛ Como posso chegar no teatro daqui? Eu não sei, também estou perdido.  
**HOW CAN I GET TO THE THEATER FROM HERE? I DON'T KNOW, I'M LOST TOO.**
- Betty é mais bonita que Mary. Mas Ann é a mais bonita de todas.  
**BETTY IS MORE BEAUTIFUL THAN MARY. BUT ANN IS THE MOST BEAUTIFUL OF ALL.**
- Cuidado com esse ferro. Se você o tocar, você vai se queimar.  
**BE CAREFUL WITH THIS IRON. IF YOU TOUCH IT YOU ARE GOING TO BURN YOURSELF.**
- ☛ Você não vai me pagar o que você me deve? Eu não posso porque não tenho nenhum dinheiro agora.  
**AREN'T YOU GOING TO PAY ME WHAT YOU OWE ME? I CAN'T BECAUSE I HAVE NO MONEY RIGHT NOW.**
- ☛ Você é a favor ou contra dar dinheiro a crianças pobres nas ruas? Bem, depende da situação.  
**ARE YOU FOR OR AGAINST GIVING MONEY TO POOR CHILDREN IN THE STREETS? WELL, IT DEPENDS ON THE SITUATION.**
- Johnny é o melhor estudante da minha família. Às vezes ele até estuda de madrugada.  
**JOHNNY IS THE BEST STUDENT IN MY FAMILY. SOMETIMES HE EVEN STUDIES AT DAWN.**
- Olfato, visão, tato, audição e paladar são os cinco sentidos. Mas algumas pessoas acreditam que há outros.  
**SMELL, SIGHT, TOUCH, HEARING AND TASTE ARE THE FIVE SENSES. BUT SOME PEOPLE BELIEVE THERE ARE OTHERS.**
- Meu pai nunca administrou o dinheiro dele muito bem. É por isso que ele nunca teve uma vida melhor.  
**MY FATHER NEVER MANAGED HIS MONEY VERY WELL. THAT'S WHY HE NEVER HAD A BETTER LIFE.**
- Você deveria descansar um pouco antes de viajar. É perigoso dirigir de madrugada quando se está sonolento.  
**YOU SHOULD REST A LITTLE BEFORE TRAVELING. IT'S DANGEROUS TO DRIVE AT DAWN WHEN YOU ARE SLEEPING.**
- Ela não usaria esta pomada. O cheiro dela é terrível.  
**SHE WOULDN'T USE THIS OINTMENT. ITS SMELL IS AWFUL.**
- Os sentimentos dela estão sempre mudando. Eu nunca sei o que ela sente por mim.  
**HER FEELINGS ARE ALWAYS CHANGING. I NEVER KNOW HOW SHE FEELS ABOUT ME.**
- Se você se comportar como um animal selvagem, eu lhe mostrarei o que faço com animais selvagens.  
**IF YOU BEHAVE LIKE A WILD ANIMAL, I WILL SHOW YOU WHAT I DO TO WILD ANIMALS.**
- Alô telefonista, é uma emergência. Preciso do número da polícia.  
**HELLO OPERATOR, THIS IS AN EMERGENCY. I NEED THE POLICE NUMBER.**

### COMPLETE THE SENTENCES WITH ONE OF THE VERBS IN BRACKETS

- Would you like to **GO OUT** tonight?  
( go in / go up / go on / go down / go out )
- I didn't **HAVE BREAKFAST** either this morning or yesterday morning.  
( have lunch / have dinner / happen / half a dozen / have breakfast )
- They always **HURT** themselves in the basketball games.  
( hold / hope / hear / hurt / have / help )
- We don't want to **INVITE** them to the party.  
( kill / know / keep / invite / intend )
- What are you **LAUGHING** at?  
( learning / living / laughing / lending / leaving )
- Did you **LISTEN** to the news last night?  
( live / live on / listen / be like this / be like that )
- I don't want to **LOSE** my new pen at school again.  
( love / lose / look like / look / long to be )
- Excuse me, I need to **MAKE A PHONE CALL** now.  
( make a promiss / make friends / made sure / make up someone's mind / make a phone call )
- Did you really **MISS** me while I was traveling?  
( miss / meet / make / laugh / follow )
- Why don't you ever **PAY ATTENTION** to your English class?  
( need / open / pay your bills / pay attention / paint )

### PUT THESE SENTENCES INTO NEGATIVE, INTERROGATIVE AND INTERROGATIVE-NEGATIVE:

- She wants to buy a horse.  
☛ **SHE DOESN'T WANT TO BUY A HORSE.**  
? **DOES SHE WANT TO BUY A HORSE?**  
☛? **DOESN'T SHE WANT TO BUY A HORSE?**
- Pamela is driving her new car.  
☛ **PAMELA ISN'T DRIVING HER NEW CAR.**  
? **IS PAMELA DRIVING HER NEW CAR?**  
☛? **ISN'T PAMELA DRIVING HER NEW CAR?**
- Peter has a new job.  
☛ **PETER DOESN'T HAVE A NEW JOB.**  
? **DOES PETER HAVE A NEW JOB?**  
☛? **DOESN'T PETER HAVE A NEW JOB?**
- My neighbors are traveling.  
☛ **MY NEIGHBORS AREN'T TRAVELING.**  
? **ARE MY NEIGHBORS TRAVELING?**  
☛? **AREN'T MY NEIGHBORS TRAVELING?**
- Mr. Jones had a bad accident.  
☛ **MR JONES DIDN'T HAVE A BAD ACCIDENT.**  
? **DID MR JONES HAVE A BAD ACCIDENT?**  
☛? **DIDN'T MR JONES HAVE A BAD ACCIDENT?**

### COMPLETE THE SENTENCES WITH NOBODY, NO ONE, NOTHING, ANYBODY, ANYONE OR ANYTHING

- I left the office late. **NOBODY / NO ONE** saw me.
- John has a bad memory. He can't remember **ANYTHING**.
- Be quiet! Don't say **ANYTHING**.
- I didn't know about the party. **NOBODY / NO ONE** told me.
- She was watching TV alone. She wasn't with **ANYBODY / ANYONE**.
- Who knows the answer? **NOBODY / NO ONE**.
- How much does it cost to visit the museum? **NOTHING**. It's free.
- What did you say? I didn't say **ANYTHING**.
- I don't know **ANYTHING** about trucks.
- What are you doing this evening? **NOTHING**. Why?



## NOTES

### ABOUT HOMEWORK

- Ela não usaria esta pomada. **O seu cheiro, o cheiro da pomada**, é terrível.  
**SHE WOULDN'T USE THIS OINTMENT. ITS SMELL IS AWFUL.**

**ITS** – possessive adjective, referring to the ointment.



Let's remember **STUDENT'S BOOK ONE, LESSON ELEVEN and TWELVE**

**Possessive adjective** indicam posse e vêm sempre acompanhado de um substantivo.

<b>I</b>	<b>my</b>	I like <b>my</b> new car.
<b>you</b>	<b>your</b>	You like <b>your</b> clothes.
<b>he</b>	<b>his</b>	He loves <b>his</b> girlfriend.
<b>she</b>	<b>her</b>	She likes <b>her</b> best friend.
<b>it</b>	<b>its</b>	Hawaii (it) is famous for <b>its</b> beaches.
<b>we</b>	<b>our</b>	We like <b>our</b> neighbors.
<b>you</b>	<b>your</b>	You like <b>your</b> city.
<b>they</b>	<b>their</b>	They like <b>their</b> teacher.

### **its** ≠ **it's** (it is)

Hawaii is famous for **its** beaches.  
I like Hawaii. **It's** a beautiful place.