



WORKBOOK 08 LESSON 16

SUMMARIZE THE BBC ARTICLE IN 400 TO 500 WORDS.

Climate change refers to a shift in average weather conditions over many years caused by human activity. The burning of fossil fuels, such as oil, gas, and coal, for homes, factories, and transport releases greenhouse gases, mainly carbon dioxide, which trap the sun's heat and cause global temperatures to rise. The world is currently 1.1C warmer than in the 19th century, and the amount of CO2 in the atmosphere has risen by 50%.

According to climate scientists, global warming needs to be kept below 1.5C by 2100 to avoid the worst consequences of climate change. However, unless further action is taken, the planet could still warm by more than 2C by then. If nothing is done, global warming could exceed 4C in the future, leading to devastating heatwaves, millions losing their homes to rising sea levels, and the irreversible loss of plant and animal species.

Extreme weather events are already more intense globally, threatening lives and livelihoods. With further warming, some regions could become uninhabitable, as farmland turns into desert. People living in developing countries are expected to suffer the most as they have fewer resources to adapt to climate change, even though they have produced the least greenhouse gas emissions. The planet's oceans and its habitats are also under threat, with research suggesting that between 10% and 15% of marine species are already at risk of extinction.

Climate change will affect different regions differently. For example, the UK and Europe will be vulnerable to flooding caused by extreme rainfall, countries in the Middle East will experience extreme heatwaves and widespread drought, and island nations in the Pacific region could disappear under rising seas. Many African nations are likely to suffer droughts and food shortages, while drought conditions are likely in the western US, and Australia is likely to suffer extremes of heat and increases in deaths from wildfires.

Governments are making efforts to tackle climate change, with many countries pledging to reach "net zero" greenhouse gas emissions by 2050. This means reducing emissions as much as possible and balancing out remaining emissions by absorbing an equivalent amount from the atmosphere. Governments, businesses, and individuals need to make substantial changes to achieve this goal.

While major changes need to come from governments and businesses, individuals can also make small changes in their lives to limit their impact on the climate. These include taking fewer flights, living car-free or using an electric car, reducing consumption of meat and dairy products, reducing energy use, buying energy-efficient products, improving home insulation, and switching from a gas heating system to an electric heat pump.

250 WORDS

Climate change is caused by human activities that release greenhouse gases, particularly carbon dioxide, into the atmosphere, which trap heat from the sun and lead to global warming. This has already resulted in a 1.1°C increase in global temperatures since the 19th century, with CO2 levels in the atmosphere having risen by 50%. Climate scientists warn that global warming must be limited to 1.5°C by 2100 to prevent the worst impacts of climate change. However, if nothing is done, the world could warm by more than 2°C by then, leading to devastating consequences such as rising sea levels, mass extinction of species, and extreme weather events.

The impacts of climate change are already being felt around the world, with more intense and frequent heatwaves, wildfires, droughts, floods, and storms. Climate change is also threatening the oceans and their habitats, putting marine species at risk of extinction. Developing countries are expected to suffer the most from climate change, despite producing the least greenhouse gas emissions. If temperatures continue to rise, almost all warm water coral reefs could be destroyed.

Governments are taking action to tackle climate change, but more needs to be done. The Paris Agreement of 2015 pledged to keep global warming below 1.5°C, and many countries have committed to achieving net-zero emissions by 2050. However, experts say that substantial changes need to be made by governments, businesses, and individuals to achieve this goal. Individuals can make a difference by taking small steps, such as reducing energy use, using energy-efficient products, and limiting meat and dairy consumption.

FILL IN THE BLANKS WITH THE CORRECT PREPOSITIONS: TO, FOR, IN, ON, OF, WITH, FROM, AMONG, ABOUT, AT, BEHIND, AFTER, ABOVE, BETWEEN.

There are times **in** life that you feel the need to understand the behavior **of** some human beings. It's very difficult to understand why people do what they do, and why they get **with** that, or even **for** how little people sell themselves.

Almost everyone has probably had a friend who did or said this or that **about** you **behind** your back, and if you had, then you know how awful this feels. Maybe you are one of those people who spend months wondering why he or she did that, and never get **to** a conclusion. Maybe it was **for** money (one of the most common reasons), or some other kind **of** interest, and then you feel even worse. **After about** a year, you realize how much time you spent worrying **about** someone who probably isn't worth a second **of** your thoughts, and there has been an entire world out there waiting **for** you.

Is as difficult to understand why people do the things they do as it is to understand why they don't do what is expected **from** a human being. Sometimes it is frightening to deal **with** people, you never know what they are going to do. There is something you need to know about this: we are just like them. We may not look like them and we may not do the thing they do, but in many ways we are alike. Of course there are differences **between** you and a person like the "friend" we mentioned **above**: the way you look **at** life.

If a person lives for **his** work, then he doesn't have a life, he has a job. If he lives **for** money and does anything to get it, then he is a miserable, for when he doesn't have money, he has nothing. The bible mentions that **in** many ways **for** those who want to see it. Bit men can choose to be blind and death, so it depends **on** the person.

The best part **of** all this is that the world is full **of** wonderful people besides only "frankensteins". That helps those **of** us who don't quite know what we want to be. Their behavior will help us choose something **for** our lives. Human beings were given the right to choose **among** many things. We can choose between a tree and a telephone pole, **between** a friend and a briefcase full **of** money, **between** life or some other kind **of** existence. Let's hope we all learn how to "see" life, and make a choice that will give it a true meaning, not only a pocket that is full.

TRANSLATE INTO ENGLISH

1. Você tem bastante tempo para cuidar dessas entregas futuras, por isso continue com o resto.

YOU HAVE PLENTY OF TIME TO TAKE CARE OF THESE FORWARD DELIVERIES, SO GET ON WITH THE REST.

2. Eu tive uma reflexão tardia sobre toda essa situação, e eu realmente acho que nós deveríamos ter outra reunião antes de decidirmos.

I HAD AN AFTERTHOUGHT ABOUT THIS WHOLE SITUATION, AND I REALLY THINK WE SHOULD HAVE ANOTHER MEETING BEFORE DECIDING.

3. O homem com o tique é o presidente dessa companhia e o padrinho do meu filho.

THE MAN WITH THE TWICH IS THE CHAIRMAN OF THIS COMPANY AND MY SON'S GODFATHER.

4. É realmente irritante ter que trabalhar com uma pessoa tão irresponsável quanto seu cunhado.

IT'S REALLY AGGRAVATING TO HAVE TO WORK WITH SUCH A RECKLESS PERSON AS YOUR BROTHER IN LAW.

5. Você deveria tentar endireitar seu irmão antes de ele levar seus pais à loucura!

YOU OUGHT TO TRY STRAIGHTEN YOUR BROTHER OUT BEFORE HE DRIVES YOUR PARENTS TO MADNESS.